



BlueCross BlueShield of Louisiana

An independent licensee of the Blue Cross and Blue Shield Association.

Thiazolidinediones (TZDs) and TZD Combination Drugs

Policy # 00362

Original Effective Date: 09/18/2013

Current Effective Date: 09/17/2014

Applies to all products administered or underwritten by Blue Cross and Blue Shield of Louisiana and its subsidiary, HMO Louisiana, Inc. (collectively referred to as the "Company"), unless otherwise provided in the applicable contract. Medical technology is constantly evolving, and we reserve the right to review and update Medical Policy periodically.

When Services May Be Eligible for Coverage

Coverage for eligible medical treatments or procedures, drugs, devices or biological products may be provided only if:

- *Benefits are available in the member's contract/certificate, and*
- *Medical necessity criteria and guidelines are met.*

Based on review of available data, the Company may consider brand name thiazolidinediones (TZDs) and brand name thiazolidinedione (TZD) combination drugs (including, but not limited to Actos[®] [pioglitazone], Actoplus Met[®] [pioglitazone/metformin], Duetact[®] [pioglitazone/glimepride], Avandia[®] [rosiglitazone], Avandamet[®] [rosiglitazone/metformin], and Avandaryl[®] [rosiglitazone/glimepride])[‡] to be **eligible for coverage** when one of the patient selection criteria below is met:

Patient Selection Criteria

Coverage eligibility will be considered for brand name thiazolidinediones (TZDs) or brand name thiazolidinedione (TZD) combination drugs when one of the following criteria is met:

- Patient has tried metformin or a metformin containing product (brand or generic) OR a generic thiazolidinedione (TZD) or a generic thiazolidinedione (TZD) containing product (e.g. pioglitazone, pioglitazone/metformin); OR
- There is clinical evidence or patient history that suggests that metformin products or generically available thiazolidinedione (TZD) products will be ineffective or cause an adverse reaction to the patient.

When Services Are Considered Not Medically Necessary

Based on review of available data, the Company considers the use of brand name thiazolidinediones (TZDs) or brand name thiazolidinedione (TZD) combination products when patient selection criteria are not met or for usage not included in the above patient selection criteria to be **not medically necessary**.**

Background/Overview

Thiazolidinediones and TZD combination products are indicated as an adjunct to diet and exercise to improve glycemic control in adults with type 2 diabetes mellitus. Package insert indications vary depending on the chosen TZD.

Rationale/Source

The patient selection criteria presented in this policy takes into consideration clinical evidence or patient history that suggests metformin products or generic TZD products will be ineffective or cause an adverse reaction to the patient. Based on a review of the data, in the absence of the above mentioned caveats, there is no advantage of using a brand name TZD or brand name TZD combination product over the available metformin products OR generic TZD products. Generic drugs are considered to have equal bioavailability and efficacy in comparison to brand name drugs.

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Policy History

Original Effective Date: 09/18/2013

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09/05/2013 Medical Policy Committee review

09/18/2013 Medical Policy Implementation Committee approval. New policy.

09/04/2014 Medical Policy Committee review

09/17/2014 Medical Policy Implementation Committee approval. No change to coverage.

Next Scheduled Review Date: 09/2015

*Investigational – A medical treatment, procedure, drug, device, or biological product is Investigational if the effectiveness has not been clearly tested and it has not been incorporated into standard medical practice. Any determination we make that a medical treatment, procedure, drug, device, or biological product is Investigational will be based on a consideration of the following:

- A. Whether the medical treatment, procedure, drug, device, or biological product can be lawfully marketed without approval of the U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA) and whether such approval has been granted at the time the medical treatment, procedure, drug, device, or biological product is sought to be furnished; or
- B. Whether the medical treatment, procedure, drug, device, or biological product requires further studies or clinical trials to determine its maximum tolerated dose, toxicity, safety, effectiveness, or effectiveness as compared with the standard means



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of treatment or diagnosis, must improve health outcomes, according to the consensus of opinion among experts as shown by reliable evidence, including:

1. Consultation with the Blue Cross and Blue Shield Association technology assessment program (TEC) or other nonaffiliated technology evaluation center(s);
2. Credible scientific evidence published in peer-reviewed medical literature generally recognized by the relevant medical community; or
3. Reference to federal regulations.

****Medically Necessary (or "Medical Necessity")** - Health care services, treatment, procedures, equipment, drugs, devices, items or supplies that a Provider, exercising prudent clinical judgment, would provide to a patient for the purpose of preventing, evaluating, diagnosing or treating an illness, injury, disease or its symptoms, and that are:

- A. In accordance with nationally accepted standards of medical practice;
- B. Clinically appropriate, in terms of type, frequency, extent, level of care, site and duration, and considered effective for the patient's illness, injury or disease; and
- C. Not primarily for the personal comfort or convenience of the patient, physician or other health care provider, and not more costly than an alternative service or sequence of services at least as likely to produce equivalent therapeutic or diagnostic results as to the diagnosis or treatment of that patient's illness, injury or disease.

For these purposes, "nationally accepted standards of medical practice" means standards that are based on credible scientific evidence published in peer-reviewed medical literature generally recognized by the relevant medical community, Physician Specialty Society recommendations and the views of Physicians practicing in relevant clinical areas and any other relevant factors.

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NOTICE: Medical Policies are scientific based opinions, provided solely for coverage and informational purposes. Medical Policies should not be construed to suggest that the Company recommends, advocates, requires, encourages, or discourages any particular treatment, procedure, or service, or any particular course of treatment, procedure, or service.