2546 Federal Register/Vol. 88, No. 10/Tuesday, January 17, 2023/Rules and Regulations

defines policies, responsibilities, and procedures pursuant to 40 CFR part 62, subpart HHH (the Federal Plan) by which the Federal Plan will be administered by the Colorado Department of Public Health and Environment (CDPHE).

■ 3. Revise § 62.1361 to read as follows:

§62.1361 Identification of sources.

The MOA and related Federal Plan apply to existing hospital/medical/ infectious waste incinerators for which construction was commenced on or before December 1, 2008, or for which modification was commenced on or before April 6, 2010.

■ 4. Revise § 62.1362 to read as follows:

§ 62.1362 Effective date.

The delegation became fully effective on August 8, 2022, the date the MOA was signed by the EPA Region 8 Regional Administrator.

[FR Doc. 2023–00411 Filed 1–13–23; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 6560–50–P

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services

42 CFR Parts 410 and 414

[CMS-6088-N]

RIN 0938-ZB76

Medicare Program; Updates to Face-to-Face Encounter and Written Order Prior to Delivery List

AGENCY: Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS), Department of Health and Human Services (HHS). **ACTION:** Update to certain codes. **SUMMARY:** This document announces updates to the Healthcare Common Procedure Coding System (HCPCS) codes on the Required Face-to-Face Encounter and Written Order Prior to Delivery List.

DATES: The implementation is effective on April 17, 2023.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Cristine Egan (410) 786–8088. Olufemi Shodeke (410) 786–1649. Jennifer Phillips (410) 786–1023. Misty Whitaker (410) 786–4975.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

I. Background

On November 8, 2019, the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services published a final rule titled, "Medicare Program; End-Stage Renal Disease Prospective Payment System, Payment for Renal Dialysis Services Furnished to Individuals with Acute Kidney Injury, End-Stage Renal Disease Quality Incentive Program, Durable Medical Equipment, Prosthetics, Orthotics and Supplies (DMEPOS) Fee Schedule Amounts, DMEPOS Competitive Bidding Program (CBP) Amendments, Standard Elements for a DMEPOS Order, and Master List of DMEPOS Items Potentially Subject to a Face-to-Face Encounter and Written Order Prior to Delivery and/or Prior Authorization Requirements" (84 FR 60648). The rule became effective January 1, 2020, harmonizing the lists of DMEPOS items created by former rules and establishing one "Master List of DMEPOS Items Potentially Subject to Face-to-Face Encounter and Written Orders Prior to Delivery and/or Prior Authorization Requirements" (the "Master List"). The rule provided that items would be selected from the Master List for inclusion on the Face-to-Face Encounter and Written Orders Prior to Delivery List and/or Prior Authorization List

through the **Federal Register**. It also clarified that certain items (that is, power mobility devices (PMDs)) require a face-to-face encounter per statute and would remain on the list indefinitely.

On January 13, 2022, in accordance with the November 2019 final rule (84 FR 60648), we selected codes from the Master List and published the first iteration of the Required Face-to-Face Encounter and Written Order Prior to Delivery List (hereinafter referred to as "F2F/WOPD List"). (For more detailed information see 87 FR 2051). The F2F/ WOPD List became effective on April 13, 2022. It included 46 K-codes representative of PMDs as well as 7 Healthcare Common Procedure Coding System (HCPCS) that describe other items.

II. Provisions of the Document

This document announces that CMS has selected an additional set of items to be added to the F2F/WOPD List.

A. Reiteration of the Face-to-Face Encounter and Written Order Prior to Delivery List Process and DMEPOS Items Currently on The List

The F2F/WOPD List, as described at \$410.38(c)(8), is comprised of PMDs, per statute, and those items selected from the Master List (which is described in \$\$410.38(c)(7) and 414.234(b)). Items on this list require a face-to-face encounter and a written order prior to delivery as a condition of payment.

In the November 2019 final rule, we stated that since the face-to-face encounter and written orders are statutorily required for PMDs, per section 1834(a)(1)(E)(iv) of the Act, they are included on the Master List and the F2F/WOPD List in accordance with our statutory obligation, and will remain there. These codes, as listed in Table 1, will remain on the F2F/WOPD List.

TABLE 1—STATUTORILY REQUIRED POWER MOBILITY DEVICES

[Currently on the list]

HCPCS	Description					
K0800	Power Operated Vehicle, Group 1 Standard, Patient Weight Capacity Up To And Including 300 Pounds.					
K0801	Power Operated Vehicle, Group 1 Heavy Duty, Patient Weight Capacity, 301 To 450 Pounds.					
K0802	Power Operated Vehicle, Group 1 Very Heavy Duty, Patient Weight Capacity 451 To 600 Pounds.					
K0806	Power Operated Vehicle, Group 2 Standard, Patient Weight Capacity Up To And Including 300 Pounds.					
K0807	Power Operated Vehicle, Group 2 Heavy Duty, Patient Weight Capacity 301 To 450 Pounds.					
K0808	Power Operated Vehicle, Group 2 Very Heavy Duty, Patient Weight Capacity 451 To 600 Pounds.					
K0813	Power Wheelchair, Group 1 Standard, Portable, Sling/Solid Seat And Back, Patient Weight Capacity Up To And Including 300 Pounds.					
K0814	Power Wheelchair, Group 1 Standard, Portable, Captains Chair, Patient Weight Capacity Up To And Including 300 Pounds.					
K0815	Power Wheelchair, Group 1 Standard, Sling/Solid Seat And Back, Patient Weight Capacity Up To And Including 300 Pounds.					
K0816	Power Wheelchair, Group 1 Standard, Captains Chair, Patient Weight Capacity Up To And Including 300 Pounds.					
K0820	Power Wheelchair, Group 2 Standard, Portable, Sling/Solid Seat/Back, Patient Weight Capacity Up To And Including 300 Pounds.					

TABLE 1—STATUTORILY REQUIRED POWER MOBILITY DEVICES—Continued

[Currently on the list]

HCPCS	Description					
K0821	Power Wheelchair, Group 2 Standard, Portable, Captains Chair, Patient Weight Capacity Up To And Including 300 Pounds.					
K0822	Power Wheelchair, Group 2 Standard, Sling/Solid Seat/Back, Patient Weight Capacity Up To And Including 300 Pounds.					
K0823	Power Wheelchair, Group 2 Standard, Captains Chair, Patient Weight Capacity Up To And Including 300 Pounds.					
K0824	Power Wheelchair, Group 2 Heavy Duty, Sling/Solid Seat/Back, Patient Weight Capacity 301 To 450 Pounds.					
K0825	Power Wheelchair, Group 2 Heavy Duty, Captains Chair, Patient Weight Capacity 301 To 450 Pounds.					
K0826	Power Wheelchair, Group 2 Very Heavy Duty, Sling/Solid Seat/Back, Patient Weight Capacity 451 To 600 Pounds.					
K0827	Power Wheelchair, Group 2 Very Heavy Duty, Captains Chair, Patient Weight Capacity 451 To 600 Pounds.					
K0828	Power Wheelchair, Group 2 Extra Heavy Duty, Sling/Solid Seat/Back, Patient Weight Capacity 601 Pounds Or More.					
K0829						
K0835	Power Wheelchair, Group 2 Standard, Single Power Option, Sling/Solid Seat/Back, Patient Weight Capacity Up To And In-					
K0836	cluding 300 Pounds. Power Wheelchair, Group 2 Standard, Single Power Option, Captains Chair, Patient Weight Capacity Up To And Including					
KU030	300 Pounds.					
K0837	Power Wheelchair, Group 2 Heavy Duty, Single Power Option, Sling/Solid Seat/Back, Patient Weight Capacity 301 To 450					
K0838	Pounds. Power Wheelchair, Group 2 Heavy Duty, Single Power Option, Captains Chair, Patient Weight Capacity 301 To 450					
10000	Pounds.					
K0839	Power Wheelchair, Group 2 Very Heavy Duty, Single Power Option, Sling/Solid Seat/Back, Patient Weight Capacity 451 To 600 Pounds.					
K0840	Power Wheelchair, Group 2 Extra Heavy Duty, Single Power Option, Sling/Solid Seat/Back, Patient Weight Capacity 601					
	Pounds Or More.					
K0841	Power Wheelchair, Group 2 Standard, Multiple Power Option, Sling/Solid Seat/Back, Patient Weight Capacity Up To And Including 300 Pounds.					
K0842	Power Wheelchair, Group 2 Standard, Multiple Power Option, Captains Chair, Patient Weight Capacity Up To And Includ-					
10042	ing 300 Pounds.					
K0843	Power Wheelchair, Group 2 Heavy Duty, Multiple Power Option, Sling/Solid Seat/Back, Patient Weight Capacity 301 To 450 Pounds.					
K0848	Power Wheelchair, Group 3 Standard, Sling/Solid Seat/Back, Patient Weight Capacity Up To And Including 300 Pounds.					
K0849	Power Wheelchair, Group 3 Standard, Captains Chair, Patient Weight Capacity Up To And Including 300 Pounds.					
K0850	Power Wheelchair, Group 3 Heavy Duty, Sling/Solid Seat/Back, Patient Weight Capacity 301 To 450 Pounds.					
K0851	Power Wheelchair, Group 3 Heavy Duty, Captains Chair, Patient Weight Capacity 301 To 450 Pounds.					
K0852	Power Wheelchair, Group 3 Very Heavy Duty, Sling/Solid Seat/Back, Patient Weight Capacity 451 To 600 Pounds.					
K0853	Power Wheelchair, Group 3 Very Heavy Duty, Captains Chair, Patient Weight Capacity, 451 To 600 Pounds.					
K0854	Power Wheelchair, Group 3 Extra Heavy Duty, Sling/Solid Seat/Back, Patient Weight Capacity 601 Pounds Or More.					
K0855	Power Wheelchair, Group 3 Extra Heavy Duty, Captains Chair, Patient Weight Capacity 601 Pounds Or More.					
K0856	Power Wheelchair, Group 3 Standard, Single Power Option, Sling/Solid Seat/Back, Patient Weight Capacity Up To And In- cluding 300 Pounds.					
K0857	Power Wheelchair, Group 3 Standard, Single Power Option, Captains Chair, Patient Weight Capacity Up To And Including					
10007	300 Pounds.					
K0858	Power Wheelchair, Group 3 Heavy Duty, Single Power Option, Sling/Solid Seat/Back, Patient Weight Capacity 301 To 450					
	Pounds.					
K0859	Power Wheelchair, Group 3 Heavy Duty, Single Power Option, Captains Chair, Patient Weight Capacity 301 To 450 Pounds.					
K0860	Power Wheelchair, Group 3 Very Heavy Duty, Single Power Option, Sling/Solid Seat/Back, Patient Weight Capacity 451 To 600 Pounds.					
K0861	Power Wheelchair, Group 3 Standard, Multiple Power Option, Sling/Solid Seat/Back, Patient Weight Capacity Up To And Including 300 Pounds.					
K0862	Power Wheelchair, Group 3 Heavy Duty, Multiple Power Option, Sling/Solid Seat/Back, Patient Weight Capacity 301 To 450 Pounds.					
K0863	Power Wheelchair, Group 3 Very Heavy Duty, Multiple Power Option, Sling/Solid Seat/Back, Patient Weight Capacity 451					
	To 600 Pounds.					
K0864	Power Wheelchair, Group 3 Extra Heavy Duty, Multiple Power Option, Sling/Solid Seat/Back, Patient Weight Capacity 601 Pounds Or More.					

Section 1834(a)(11)(B) of the Act authorizes the Secretary to select other DMEPOS HCPCS codes that will require a face-to-face encounter and written order prior to delivery as a condition of payment. The November 2019 final rule established a process of placing other DMEPOS items, in addition to PMDs, on the F2F/WOPD List. We included in the 2022 **Federal Register** seven additional DMEPOS HCPCS codes not required by statute. These items were selected from the Master List to be placed on the F2F/ WOPD List and are listed in Table 2. The items listed in both Table 1 and Table 2 will remain on the F2F/WOPD list.

TABLE 2-NON-STATUTORILY REQUIRED DMEPOS ITEMS

[Currently on the list]

HCPCS	Description		
E0748 L0648	Osteogenesis Stimulator, Electrical, Non-Invasive, Spinal Applications. Lumbar-Sacral Orthosis, Sagittal Control, With Rigid Anterior And Posterior Panels, Posterior Extends From Sacrococcygeal Junction To T–9 Vertebra, Produces Intracavitary Pressure To Reduce Load On The Intervertebral		
	Discs, Includes Straps, Closures, May Include Padding, Shoulder Straps, Pendulous Abdomen Design, Prefabricated, Off-The-Shelf.		
L0650	Lumbar-Sacral Orthosis, Sagittal-Coronal Control, With Rigid Anterior And Posterior Frame/Panel(S), Posterior Extends From Sacrococcygeal Junction To T–9 Vertebra, Lateral Strength Provided By Rigid Lateral Frame/Panel(S), Produces Intracavitary Pressure To Reduce Load On Intervertebral Discs, Includes Straps, Closures, May Include Padding, Shoul- der Straps, Pendulous Abdomen Design, Prefabricated, Off-The-Shelf.		
L1832	Knee Orthosis, Adjustable Knee Joints (Unicentric Or Polycentric), Positional Orthosis, Rigid Support, Prefabricated Item That Has Been Trimmed, Bent, Molded, Assembled, Or Otherwise Customized To Fit A Specific Patient By An Indi- vidual With Expertise.		
L1833	Knee Orthosis, Adjustable Knee Joints (Unicentric Or Polycentric), Positional Orthosis, Rigid Support, Prefabricated, Off- The Shelf.		
L1851			
L3960	Shoulder Elbow Wrist Hand Orthosis, Abduction Positioning, Airplane Design, Prefabricated, Includes Fitting And Adjust- ment.		

B. New DMEPOS Items Being Placed on the Face-to-Face Encounter and Written Order Prior to Delivery List

PMDs are included on the F2F/WOPD List per statutory obligation. For the other DMEPOS items, we consider factors such as operational limitations, item utilization, cost-benefit analysis (for example, comparing the cost of review versus the anticipated amount of improper payment identified), emerging trends (for example, billing patterns, medical review findings), vulnerabilities identified in official agency reports, or other analysis such as acute needs and pandemic impacts.

When selecting items, we balance our program integrity goals with the needs of Medicare enrollees, particularly those in need of medical devices to assist with functional activities and ambulation within their home. In consideration of access issues, we note that the face-toface regulation at 42 CFR 410.38(d)(2)(ii) allows for use of telehealth, provided that the requirements in 42 CFR 410.78 and 414.65 are met.

The first iteration of the F2F/WOPD list was released earlier in the COVID– 19 Public Health Emergency (PHE). The unprecedented PHE, coupled with the list's newness, led the Agency to initially proceed with the selection of seven items. Feedback received to date has been positive. We have not been notified of any issues related to Medicare beneficiaries' access, and billing trends have been consistent with anticipated volumes.

Lower limb orthoses (LLO) and lumbar-sacral orthoses (LSO) have been identified by CMS' Comprehensive Error Rate Testing (CERT) program as two of the top 20 DMEPOS service types with improper payments over the past several years, and have been associated with recent fraud schemes. In 2021, LLOs had an improper payment rate of 50.6 percent and LSOs had an improper payment rate of 44.2 percent. The CERT improper payment rate is a measurement of payments that that do not meet Medicare requirements. Insufficient documentation and medical necessity are the top two LLO and LSO errors noted in the 2021 CERT report.¹

In an effort to ensure practitioner involvement, via in-person face-to-face encounters or telehealth encounters meeting Medicare's regulatory requirements, we are adding the following 10 additional HCPCS codes for inclusion on the Required F2F/ WOPD List. We are releasing these codes in this **Federal Register** publication with 90 days' notice prior to implementation. At this time, we are not removing any items from the F2F/ WOPD List.

TABLE 3-New Non-Statutorily Required DMEPOS ITEMS

HCPCS	Description		
L0631	Lumbar-Sacral Orthosis, Sagittal Control, With Rigid Anterior And Posterior Panels, Posterior Extends From Sacrococcygeal Junction To T–9 Vertebra, Produces Intracavitary Pressure To Reduce Load On The Intervertebral Discs, Includes Straps, Closures, May Include Padding, Shoulder Straps, Pendulous Abdomen Design, Prefabricated Item That Has Been Trimmed, Bent, Molded, Assembled, Or Otherwise Customized To Fit A Specific Patient By An Individual With Expertise.		
L0637	Lumbar-Sacral Orthosis, Sagittal-Coronal Control, With Rigid Anterior And Posterior Frame/Panels, Posterior Extends From Sacrococcygeal Junction To T–9 Vertebra, Lateral Strength Provided By Rigid Lateral Frame/Panels, Produces Intracavitary Pressure To Reduce Load On Intervertebral Discs, Includes Straps, Closures, May Include Padding, Shoul- der Straps, Pendulous Abdomen Design, Prefabricated Item That Has Been Trimmed, Bent, Molded, Assembled, Or Otherwise Customized To Fit A Specific Patient By An Individual With Expertise.		
L1843	Knee Orthosis, Single Upright, Thigh And Calf, With Adjustable Flexion And Extension Joint (Unicentric Or Polycentric), Medial-Lateral And Rotation Control, With Or Without Varus/Valgus Adjustment, Prefabricated Item That Has Been Trimmed, Bent, Molded, Assembled, Or Otherwise Customized To Fit A Specific Patient By An Individual With Exper- tise.		

¹ 2021 Medicare Fee-for-Service Supplemental Improper Payment Data https://www.cms.gov/files/ improper-payment-data.pdf-0.

TABLE 3—NEW NON-STATUTORILY REQUIRED DMEPOS ITEMS—Continued

HCPCS	Description					
L1932	Ankle Foot Orthosis, Rigid Anterior Tibial Section, Total Carbon Fiber Or Equal Material, Prefabricated, Includes Fitting And Adjustment.					
L1940	Ankle Foot Orthosis, Plastic Or Other Material, Custom-Fabricated.					
L1951	Ankle Foot Orthosis, Spiral, (Institute Of Rehabilitative Medicine Type), Plastic Or Other Material, Prefabricated, Includes					
	Fitting And Adjustment.					
L1960	Ankle Foot Orthosis, Posterior Solid Ankle, Plastic, Custom-Fabricated.					
L1970	Ankle Foot Orthosis, Plastic With Ankle Joint, Custom-Fabricated.					
L2005	Knee Ankle Foot Orthosis, Any Material, Single Or Double Upright, Stance Control, Automatic Lock And Swing Phase Re-					
	lease, Any Type Activation, Includes Ankle Joint, Any Type, Custom Fabricated.					
L2036	Knee Ankle Foot Orthosis, Full Plastic, Double Upright, With Or Without Free Motion Knee, With Or Without Free Motion					
Ankle, Custom Fabricated.						

The current complete F2F/WOPD List is available on the following CMS website: https://www.cms.gov/Research-Statistics-Data-and-Systems/ Monitoring-Programs/Medicare-FFS-Compliance-Programs/Medical-Review/ FacetoFaceEncounterRequirementfor CertainDurableMedicalEquipment.

We believe transparency and education will aid in compliance with these payment requirements and continued access. As such, we will make information widely available to the public at appropriate literacy levels regarding face-to-face encounter requirements, written order prior to delivery requirements, and necessary documentation for items on F2F/WOPD List.

We continue to believe greater practitioner involvement in the care of Medicare enrollees in need of items included on the F2F/WOPD List will help further our program integrity goals of reducing fraud, waste, and abuse. It will also help ensure Medicare enrollee receipt of items specific to their medical needs. For items on the F2F/WOPD List, the written order/prescription must be communicated to the supplier prior to delivery. For such items, we require the treating practitioner to have a face-toface encounter with the Medicare enrollee within the 6 months preceding the date of the written order/ prescription. If the face-to-face encounter is a telehealth encounter, the requirements of 42 CFR 410.78 and 414.65 must be met for DMEPOS coverage purposes.

Consistent with § 410.38(d), the faceto-face encounter must be documented in the pertinent portion of the medical record (for example, history, physical examination, diagnostic tests, summary of findings, progress notes, treatment plans or other sources of information that may be appropriate). The supporting documentation must include subjective and objective beneficiary specific information used for diagnosing, treating, or managing a clinical condition for which the DMEPOS item(s) is ordered. Upon request by CMS or its review contractors, a supplier must submit additional documentation to support and substantiate the medical necessity for the DMEPOS item.

Section 410.38(c)(8) of the Act states new additions to the F2F/WOPD list will be communicated to the public and effective no less than 60 days after a **Federal Register** document publication and a CMS website posting. To assist stakeholders in preparing for implementation of the new items, these changes will become effective 90 days after publication of this rule. Stakeholders may refer to the CMS website posting for more information on the implementation date.

III. Collection of Information Requirements

This document announces the selection of additional HCPCS codes to be placed on the F2F/WOPD List. These updates to the F2F/WOPD List do not constitute information collections requirements, that is, reporting, recordkeeping or third-party disclosure requirements. Consequently, there is no need for review by the Office of Management and Budget under the authority of the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (44 U.S.C. 3501 *et seq.*).

IV. Regulatory Impact Statement

We have examined the impact of this regulatory document as required by Executive Order 12866 on Regulatory Planning and Review (September 30, 1993), Executive Order 13563 on Improving Regulation and Regulatory Review (January 18, 2011), the Regulatory Flexibility Act (RFA) (September 19, 1980, Pub. L. 96-354), section 1102(b) of the Act, section 202 of the Unfunded Mandates Reform Act of 1995 (March 22, 1995; Pub. L. 104-4), Executive Order 13132 on Federalism (August 4, 1999), and the Congressional Review Act (5 U.S.C. 804(2)).

Executive Orders 12866 and 13563 direct agencies to assess all costs and benefits of available regulatory alternatives and, if regulation is necessary, to select regulatory approaches that maximize net benefits (including potential economic, environmental, public health and safety effects, distributive impacts, and equity). A Regulatory Impact Analysis (RIA) must be prepared for major rules with significant regulatory action/s and/ or with economically significant effects (\$100 million or more in any 1 year). This regulatory document is not significant and does not reach the economic threshold and thus is not considered a major regulatory document.

The RFA requires agencies to analyze options for regulatory relief of small entities. For purposes of the RFA, small entities include small businesses, nonprofit organizations, and small governmental jurisdictions. Most hospitals and most other providers and suppliers are small entities, either by nonprofit status or by having revenues of less than \$8.0 million to \$41.5 million in any 1 year. Individuals and States are not included in the definition of a small entity. We are not preparing an analysis for the RFA because we have determined, and the Secretary certifies, that this regulatory document will not have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities.

In addition, section 1102(b) of the Act requires us to prepare an RIA if a rule may have a significant impact on the operations of a substantial number of small rural hospitals. This analysis must conform to the provisions of section 604 of the RFA. For purposes of section 1102(b) of the Act, we define a small rural hospital as a hospital that is located outside of a Metropolitan Statistical Area for Medicare payment regulations and has fewer than 100 beds. We are not preparing an analysis for section 1102(b) of the Act because we have determined, and the Secretary certifies, that this regulatory document will not have a significant impact on the operations of a substantial number of small rural hospitals.

Section 202 of the Unfunded Mandates Reform Act of 1995 also requires that agencies assess anticipated costs and benefits before issuing any rule whose mandates require spending in any 1 year of \$100 million in 1995 dollars, updated annually for inflation. In 2022, that threshold is approximately \$165 million. This regulatory document will have no consequential effect on State, local, or tribal governments or on the private sector.

Executive Order 13132 establishes certain requirements that an agency must meet when it promulgates a proposed rule (and subsequent final rule or other regulatory document) that imposes substantial direct requirement costs on State and local governments, preempts State law, or otherwise has Federalism implications. Since this regulatory document does not impose any costs on State or local governments, the requirements of Executive Order 13132 are not applicable.

In accordance with the provisions of Executive Order 12866, this document was reviewed by the Office of Management and Budget.

The Administrator of the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS), Chiquita Brooks-LaSure, having reviewed and approved this document, authorizes Lynette Wilson, who is the Federal Register Liaison, to electronically sign this document for purposes of publication in the **Federal Register**.

Dated: January 11, 2023.

Lynette Wilson,

Federal Register Liaison, Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services.

[FR Doc. 2023–00718 Filed 1–13–23; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4120–01–P

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION

47 CFR Part 73

[MB Docket No. 22–376; RM–11934; DA 23– 20; FR ID 122718]

Television Broadcasting Services Norwell, Massachusetts

AGENCY: Federal Communications Commission.

ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: On October 27, 2022, the Media Bureau, Video Division (Bureau) issued a *Notice of Proposed Rulemaking* (*NPRM*) in response to a petition for rulemaking filed by RNN Boston License Co., LLC (Petitioner), the licensee of WWMD (Station), channel 10, Norwell, Massachusetts, requesting the substitution of channel 36 for channel 10 at Norwell in the Table of TV Allotments. For the reasons set forth in the *Report and Order* referenced below, the Bureau amends FCC regulations to substitute channel 36 for channel 10 at Norwell.

DATES: Effective January 17, 2023.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Joyce Bernstein, Media Bureau, at (202) 418–1647 or *Joyce.Bernstein@fcc.gov.* **SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:** The proposed rule was published at 87 FR 68432 on November 15, 2022. The Petitioner filed comments in support of the petition reaffirming its commitment to apply for channel 36. No other comments were filed.

The Bureau believes the public interest would be served by substituting channel 36 for channel 10 at Norwell, Massachusetts. The Station has received many complaints from viewers unable to receive a reliable signal on VHF channel 10, and the Petitioner further states that the Commission has recognized the deleterious effects manmade noise has on the reception of digital VHF signals, and that the propagation characteristics of these channels allow undesired signals and noise to be receivable at relatively farther distances compared to UHF channels, and nearby electrical devices can cause interference. An analysis conducted using the Commission's TVStudy software tool indicates that WWDP's proposed channel substitution is predicted to create areas where viewers may lose service. However, the Bureau believes any possible harm resulting from the loss of service to some viewers is outweighed by the overall benefit of improving reception to the Station's viewers, including in the Station's community of license. Moreover, the viewers in the loss area are already well-served by five or more stations and no viewers will lose service from one of the four major networks or any noncommercial educational station. As the Petitioner points out, the Commission is generally most concerned where there is a loss of an area's only network or noncommercial educational TV service, or where the loss results in an area becoming less that well-served, *i.e.*, served by fewer than five full-power stations.

This is a synopsis of the Commission's *Report and Order*, MB Docket No. 22–376; RM–11934; DA 23– 20, adopted January 9, 2023, and released January 9, 2023. The full text of this document is available for download at *https://www.fcc.gov/edocs.* To request materials in accessible formats for people with disabilities (braille, large print, electronic files, audio format), send an email to *fcc504@ fcc.gov* or call the Consumer & Governmental Affairs Bureau at 202– 418–0530 (voice), 202–418–0432 (tty).

This document does not contain information collection requirements subject to the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, Public Law 104–13. In addition, therefore, it does not contain any proposed information collection burden "for small business concerns with fewer than 25 employees," pursuant to the Small Business Paperwork Relief Act of 2002, Public Law 107–198, *see* 44 U.S.C. 3506(c)(4). Provisions of the Regulatory Flexibility Act of 1980, 5 U.S.C. 601– 612, do not apply to this proceeding.

The Commission will send a copy of this *Report and Order* in a report to be sent to Congress and the Government Accountability Office pursuant to the Congressional Review Act, *see* 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A).

List of Subjects in 47 CFR Part 73

Television.

Federal Communications Commission.

Thomas Horan,

Chief of Staff, Media Bureau.

Final Rule

For the reasons discussed in the preamble, the Federal Communications Commission amends 47 CFR part 73 as follows:

PART 73—RADIO BROADCAST SERVICE

■ 1. The authority citation for part 73 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 47 U.S.C. 154, 155, 301, 303, 307, 309, 310, 334, 336, 339.

■ 2. In § 73.622(j), amend the Table of TV Allotments, under Massachusetts, by revising the entry for Norwell to read as follows:

§73.622 Table of TV Allotments.

(j) * * *

Community			Char	Channel No.	
*	*	*	*	*	
	MAS	SACHUS	ETTS		
* Norwell	*	*	*	* 36	
*	*	*	*	*	

2550