

Surgical Ventricular Restoration

(701103)

Medical Benefit		Effective Date: 11/01/07	Next Review Date: 05/15	
Preauthorization	No	Review Dates : 03/07, 05/08, 05/09, 05/10, 05/11, 05/12, 05/13, 05/14		

The following Protocol contains medical necessity criteria that apply for this service. It is applicable to Medicare Advantage products unless separate Medicare Advantage criteria are indicated. If the criteria are not met, reimbursement will be denied and the patient cannot be billed. **Preauthorization is not required but is recommended if, despite this Protocol position, you feel this service is medically necessary.** Please note that payment for covered services is subject to eligibility and the limitations noted in the patient's contract at the time the services are rendered.

Description

Surgical ventricular restoration (SVR) is a procedure designed to restore or remodel the left ventricle to its normal, spherical shape and size in patients with akinetic segments of the heart, secondary to either dilated cardiomyopathy or post-infarction left ventricular aneurysm.

Background

The surgical ventricular restoration (SVR) procedure may also be referred to as ventricular remodeling, surgical anterior ventricular endocardial restoration (SAVER), left ventricular reconstructive surgery, left ventricular aneurysmectomy reconstruction, endoventricular circular plasty, or the Dor procedure named after Vincent Dor, MD. Dr. Dor pioneered the expansion of techniques for ventricular reconstruction and is credited with treating heart failure patients with SVR in conjunction with coronary artery bypass grafting (CABG).

The SVR procedure is usually performed after CABG and may proceed or be followed by mitral valve repair or replacement and other procedures such as endocardectomy and cryoablation for treatment of ventricular tachycardia. A key difference between SVR and ventriculectomy (i.e., for aneurysm removal) is that in SVR, circular "purse string" suturing is used around the border of the aneurysmal scar tissue. Tightening of this suture is believed to isolate the akinetic or dyskinetic scar, bring the healthy portion of the ventricular walls together, and restore a more normal ventricular contour. If the defect is large (i.e., an opening > 3 cm), the ventricle may also be reconstructed using patches of autologous or artificial material to maintain the desired ventricular volume and contour during closure of the ventriculotomy. In addition, SVR is distinct from partial left ventriculectomy (i.e., the Batista procedure, which does not attempt to specifically resect akinetic segments and restore ventricular contour.

Regulatory Status

The CorRestore™ Patch System is a device cleared by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA) through the 510(k) process that is specifically labeled for use "as an intracardiac patch for cardiac reconstruction and repair." The device consists of an oval tissue patch made from glutaraldehyde-fixed bovine pericardium. It is identical to other marketed bovine pericardial patches except that it incorporates an integral suture bolster in the shape of a ring that is used along with ventricular sizing devices to restore the normal ventricular contour.

Policy (Formerly Corporate Medical Guideline)

Surgical ventricular restoration is considered investigational for the treatment of ischemic dilated

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cardiomyopathy or post-infarction left ventricular aneurysm.

Services that are the subject of a clinical trial do not meet our Technology Assessment Protocol criteria and are considered investigational. For explanation of experimental and investigational, please refer to the Technology Assessment Protocol.

It is expected that only appropriate and medically necessary services will be rendered. We reserve the right to conduct prepayment and postpayment reviews to assess the medical appropriateness of the above-referenced procedures. Some of this Protocol may not pertain to the patients you provide care to, as it may relate to products that are not available in your geographic area.

References

We are not responsible for the continuing viability of web site addresses that may be listed in any references below.

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